

# **UOC\_advanced**

Report generated by Nessus™

Mon, 30 Mar 2020 04:35:10 EDT

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# Vulnerabilities by Host

•	192.168.100.5	∠	4
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# Remediations

Suggested Remediations	0
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Vulnerabilities by Host

0	6	13	0	24
CRITICAL	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	INFO

## **Scan Information**

Start time:	Mon Mar 30 04:33:47 2020	
End time:	Mon Mar 30 04:35:10 2020	

### **Host Information**

IP:	192.168.100.5
MAC Address:	08:00:27:B9:EA:73
OS:	Linux Kernel 3.10, Linux Kernel 3.13, Linux Kernel 4.2, Linux Kernel 4.8

## Vulnerabilities

77531 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.28 Multiple Vulnerabilities

## Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.28. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- A flaw exists within the 'mod\_headers' module which allows a remote attacker to inject arbitrary headers.

This is done by placing a header in the trailer portion of data being sent using chunked transfer encoding.

(CVE-2013-5704)

- A flaw exists within the 'mod\_deflate' module when handling highly compressed bodies. Using a specially crafted request, a remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service by exhausting memory and CPU resources. (CVE-2014-0118)

- The 'mod\_status' module contains a race condition that can be triggered when handling the scoreboard. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service, execute arbitrary code, or obtain sensitive credential information. (CVE-2014-0226)

- The 'mod\_cgid' module lacks a time out mechanism. Using a specially crafted request, a remote attacker can use this flaw to cause a denial of service by causing child processes to linger indefinitely, eventually filling up the scoreboard. (CVE-2014-0231)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

## See Also

https://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-14-236/
https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.29
http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html
http://swende.se/blog/HTTPChunked.html

## Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.29 or later.

Note that version 2.2.28 was never officially released.

### **Risk Factor**

High

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

### **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

6.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

## **CVSS Base Score**

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID	66550
BID	68678
BID	68742
BID	68745
CVE	CVE-2013-5704
CVE	CVE-2014-0118
CVE	CVE-2014-0226
CVE	CVE-2014-0231
XREF	EDB-ID:34133

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2014/09/04, Modified: 2019/11/25

# Plugin Output

## tcp/80

Version source : Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2 Installed version : 2.2.21 Fixed version : 2.2.29

# 100995 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.33-dev / 2.4.x < 2.4.26 Multiple Vulnerabilities

## Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache running on the remote host is 2.2.x prior to 2.2.33-dev or 2.4.x prior to 2.4.26. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- An authentication bypass vulnerability exists due to third-party modules using the ap\_get\_basic\_auth\_pw() function outside of the authentication phase. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to bypass authentication requirements. (CVE-2017-3167)

- A NULL pointer dereference flaw exists due to third-party module calls to the mod\_ssl ap\_hook\_process\_connection() function during an HTTP request to an HTTPS port. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition. (CVE-2017-3169)

- A NULL pointer dereference flaw exists in mod\_http2 that is triggered when handling a specially crafted HTTP/2 request. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition. Note that this vulnerability does not affect 2.2.x.

(CVE-2017-7659)

- An out-of-bounds read error exists in the ap\_find\_token() function due to improper handling of header sequences. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted header sequence, to cause a denial of service condition.

(CVE-2017-7668)

- An out-of-bounds read error exists in mod\_mime due to improper handling of Content-Type response headers. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted Content-Type response header, to cause a denial of service condition or the disclosure of sensitive information. (CVE-2017-7679)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.2.32
https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES_2.4.26
https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_22.html
https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.33-dev / 2.4.26 or later.

### **Risk Factor**

High

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

## **CVSS Base Score**

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	99132
BID	99134
BID	99135
BID	99137
BID	99170
CVE	CVE-2017-3167
CVE	CVE-2017-3169
CVE	CVE-2017-7659
CVE	CVE-2017-7668
CVE	CVE-2017-7679

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/06/22, Modified: 2019/11/13

## **Plugin Output**

```
Source : Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2
Installed version : 2.2.21
Fixed version : 2.2.33
```

## 101787 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.34 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache running on the remote host is 2.2.x prior to 2.2.34. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- An authentication bypass vulnerability exists in httpd due to third-party modules using the ap\_get\_basic\_auth\_pw() function outside of the authentication phase. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to bypass authentication requirements. (CVE-2017-3167)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in httpd due to a NULL pointer dereference flaw that is triggered when a third-party module calls the mod\_ssl ap\_hook\_process\_connection() function during an HTTP request to an HTTPS port. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition. (CVE-2017-3169)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in httpd due to an out-of-bounds read error in the ap\_find\_token() function that is triggered when handling a specially crafted request header sequence. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to crash the service or force ap\_find\_token() to return an incorrect value. (CVE-2017-7668)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in httpd due to an out-of-bounds read error in the mod\_mime that is triggered when handling a specially crafted Content-Type response header. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to disclose sensitive information or cause a denial of service condition. (CVE-2017-7679)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in httpd due to a failure to initialize or reset the value placeholder in [Proxy-]Authorization headers of type 'Digest' before or between successive key=value assignments by mod\_auth\_digest. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, by providing an initial key with no '='

assignment, to disclose sensitive information or cause a denial of service condition. (CVE-2017-9788)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES\_2.2.34

https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_22.html

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.34 or later.

### **Risk Factor**

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

192.168.100.5

## 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

## **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

## **CVSS Base Score**

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	99134
BID	99135
BID	99137
BID	99170
BID	99569
CVE	CVE-2017-3167
CVE	CVE-2017-3169
CVE	CVE-2017-7668
CVE	CVE-2017-7679
CVE	CVE-2017-9788

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/07/18, Modified: 2018/09/17

## **Plugin Output**

```
Source : Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2
Installed version : 2.2.21
Fixed version : 2.2.34
```

# 93194 - OpenSSH < 7.3 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.3. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A local privilege escalation when the UseLogin feature is enabled and PAM is configured to read .pam\_environment files from home directories. (CVE-2015-8325)

- A flaw exists that is due to the program returning shorter response times for authentication requests with overly long passwords for invalid users than for valid users. This may allow a remote attacker to conduct a timing attack and enumerate valid usernames.

### (CVE-2016-6210)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in the auth\_password() function in auth-passwd.c due to a failure to limit password lengths for password authentication. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a long string, to consume excessive CPU resources, resulting in a denial of service condition. (CVE-2016-6515)

- An unspecified flaw exists in the CBC padding oracle countermeasures that allows an unauthenticated, remote attacker to conduct a timing attack.

- A flaw exists due to improper operation ordering of MAC verification for Encrypt-then-MAC (EtM) mode transport MAC algorithms when verifying the MAC before decrypting any ciphertext. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a timing attack, to disclose sensitive information.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### See Also

http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.3

https://marc.info/?l=openbsd-announce&m=147005433429403

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.3 or later.

## **Risk Factor**

High

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

## **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

## **CVSS Base Score**

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	86187	
BID	92212	
CVE	CVE-2015-8325	
CVE	CVE-2016-6515	
CVE	CVE-2016-6210	

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2016/08/29, Modified: 2019/01/02

## **Plugin Output**

```
Version source : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_7.2
Installed version : 7.2
Fixed version : 7.3
```

## 96151 - OpenSSH < 7.4 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### **Synopsis**

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.4. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A flaw exists in ssh-agent due to loading PKCS#11 modules from paths that are outside a trusted whitelist.

A local attacker can exploit this, by using a crafted request to load hostile modules via agent forwarding, to execute arbitrary code. To exploit this vulnerability, the attacker would need to control the forwarded agent-socket (on the host running the sshd server) and the ability to write to the file system of the host running ssh-agent. (CVE-2016-10009)

- A flaw exists in sshd due to creating forwarded Unix-domain sockets with 'root' privileges whenever privilege separation is disabled. A local attacker can exploit this to gain elevated privileges.

### (CVE-2016-10010)

- An information disclosure vulnerability exists in sshd within the realloc() function due leakage of key material to privilege-separated child processes when reading keys. A local attacker can possibly exploit this to disclose sensitive key material. Note that no such leak has been observed in practice for normal-sized keys, nor does a leak to the child processes directly expose key material to unprivileged users.

(CVE-2016-10011)

- A flaw exists in sshd within the shared memory manager used by pre-authenticating compression support due to a bounds check being elided by some optimizing compilers and due to the memory manager being incorrectly accessible when pre-authenticating compression is disabled. A local attacker can exploit this to gain elevated privileges. (CVE-2016-10012)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in sshd when handling KEXINIT messages. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, by sending multiple KEXINIT messages, to consume up to 128MB per connection.

- A flaw exists in sshd due to improper validation of address ranges by the AllowUser and DenyUsers directives at configuration load time. A local attacker can exploit this, via an invalid CIDR address range, to gain access to restricted areas.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### See Also

http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.4

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.4 or later.

### **Risk Factor**

High

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

## **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

6.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

## **CVSS Base Score**

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### **CVSS Temporal Score**

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	94968
BID	94972
BID	94975
BID	94977
CVE	CVE-2016-10009
CVE	CVE-2016-10010
CVE	CVE-2016-10011
CVE	CVE-2016-10012
XREF	EDB-ID:40962

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2016/12/27, Modified: 2019/02/26

## **Plugin Output**

```
Version source : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_7.2
Installed version : 7.2
Fixed version : 7.4
```

# 34460 - Unsupported Web Server Detection

### **Synopsis**

The remote web server is obsolete / unsupported.

### Description

According to its version, the remote web server is obsolete and no longer maintained by its vendor or provider.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it may contain security vulnerabilities.

### Solution

Remove the service if it is no longer needed. Otherwise, upgrade to a newer version if possible or switch to another server.

### **Risk Factor**

High

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### **CVSS Base Score**

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2008/10/21, Modified: 2018/06/29

### **Plugin Output**

### tcp/80

Product: Apache 2.2.xServer response header: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2Supported versions: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.xAdditional information: http://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/Announcement2.2.html

# 57791 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.22 Multiple Vulnerabilities

## Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x installed on the remote host is prior to 2.2.22. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- When configured as a reverse proxy, improper use of the RewriteRule and ProxyPassMatch directives could cause the web server to proxy requests to arbitrary hosts.

This could allow a remote attacker to indirectly send requests to intranet servers.

(CVE-2011-3368, CVE-2011-4317)

- A heap-based buffer overflow exists when mod\_setenvif module is enabled and both a maliciously crafted 'SetEnvlf' directive and a maliciously crafted HTTP request header are used. (CVE-2011-3607)

- A format string handling error can allow the server to be crashed via maliciously crafted cookies.

(CVE-2012-0021)

- An error exists in 'scoreboard.c' that can allow local attackers to crash the server during shutdown.

(CVE-2012-0031)

- An error exists in 'protocol.c' that can allow 'HTTPOnly' cookies to be exposed to attackers through the malicious use of either long or malformed HTTP headers. (CVE-2012-0053)

- An error in the mod\_proxy\_ajp module when used to connect to a backend server that takes an overly long time to respond could lead to a temporary denial of service. (CVE-2012-4557)

Note that Nessus did not actually test for these flaws, but instead has relied on the version in the server's banner.

### See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES 2.2.22

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_22.html

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.22 or later.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

## **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

## **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	49957
BID	50494
BID	50802
BID	51407
BID	51705
BID	51706
BID	56753
CVE	CVE-2011-3368
CVE	CVE-2011-3607
CVE	CVE-2011-4317
CVE	CVE-2012-0021
CVE	CVE-2012-0031
CVE	CVE-2012-0053
CVE	CVE-2012-4557

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2012/02/02, Modified: 2018/06/29

## **Plugin Output**

```
Version source : Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2
Installed version : 2.2.21
Fixed version : 2.2.22
```

### 62101 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.23 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### **Synopsis**

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.23. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- The utility 'apachectl' can receive a zero-length directory name in the LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH via the 'envvars'

file. A local attacker with access to that utility could exploit this to load a malicious Dynamic Shared Object (DSO), leading to arbitrary code execution.

(CVE-2012-0883)

- An input validation error exists related to 'mod\_negotiation', 'Multiviews' and untrusted uploads that can allow cross-site scripting attacks.

(CVE-2012-2687)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these flaws but has instead relied on the version in the server's banner.

### See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES\_2.2.23

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_22.html

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.23 or later.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

## **CVSS Base Score**

6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### **CVSS Temporal Score**

192.168.100.5

# 5.1 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID	53046
BID	55131
CVE	CVE-2012-0883
CVE	CVE-2012-2687
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:74
XREF	CWE:79
XREF	CWE:442
XREF	CWE:629
XREF	CWE:711
XREF	CWE:712
XREF	CWE:722
XREF	CWE:725
XREF	CWE:750
XREF	CWE:751
XREF	CWE:800
XREF	CWE:801
XREF	CWE:809
XREF	CWE:811
XREF	CWE:864
XREF	CWE:900
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:931
XREF	CWE:990

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2012/09/14, Modified: 2018/06/29

# Plugin Output

```
tcp/80
```

```
Version source : Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2
Installed version : 2.2.21
Fixed version : 2.2.23
```

### 64912 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.24 Multiple XSS Vulnerabilities

## Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple cross-site scripting vulnerabilities.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.24. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following cross-site scripting vulnerabilities :

- Errors exist related to the modules mod\_info, mod\_status, mod\_imagemap, mod\_ldap, and mod\_proxy\_ftp and unescaped hostnames and URIs that could allow cross- site scripting attacks. (CVE-2012-3499)

- An error exists related to the mod\_proxy\_balancer module's manager interface that could allow cross-site scripting attacks. (CVE-2012-4558)

Note that Nessus did not actually test for these issues, but instead has relied on the version in the server's banner.

### See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES\_2.2.24

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_22.html

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.24 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the affected modules are not in use.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

### **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

## **CVSS Base Score**

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### **CVSS Temporal Score**

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID	58165
CVE	CVE-2012-3499
CVE	CVE-2012-4558
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:74
XREF	CWE:79
XREF	CWE:442
XREF	CWE:629
XREF	CWE:711
XREF	CWE:712
XREF	CWE:722
XREF	CWE:725
XREF	CWE:750
XREF	CWE:751
XREF	CWE:800
XREF	CWE:801
XREF	CWE:809
XREF	CWE:811
XREF	CWE:864
XREF	CWE:900
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:931

# XREF CWE:990

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/02/27, Modified: 2018/06/29

# Plugin Output

```
Version source : Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2
Installed version : 2.2.21
Fixed version : 2.2.24
```

## 68915 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.25 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote web server may be affected by multiple cross-site scripting vulnerabilities.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is prior to 2.2.25. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- A flaw exists in the 'RewriteLog' function where it fails to sanitize escape sequences from being written to log files, making it potentially vulnerable to arbitrary command execution. (CVE-2013-1862)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists relating to the 'mod\_dav' module as it relates to MERGE requests.

(CVE-2013-1896)

Note that Nessus did not actually test for these issues, but instead has relied on the version in the server's banner.

### See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES\_2.2.25

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_22.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?f050c342

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.25 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the affected modules are not in use.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

### **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

4.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### **CVSS Base Score**

5.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### **CVSS Temporal Score**

3.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID	59826
BID	61129
CVE	CVE-2013-1862
CVE	CVE-2013-1896

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/07/16, Modified: 2018/06/29

# **Plugin Output**

tcp/80

Version source : Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2 Installed version : 2.2.21 Fixed version : 2.2.25

### 73405 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.27 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### **Synopsis**

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache 2.2.x running on the remote host is a version prior to 2.2.27. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- A flaw exists with the 'mod\_dav' module that is caused when tracking the length of CDATA that has leading white space. A remote attacker with a specially crafted DAV WRITE request can cause the service to stop responding.

(CVE-2013-6438)

- A flaw exists in 'mod\_log\_config' module that is caused when logging a cookie that has an unassigned value. A remote attacker with a specially crafted request can cause the service to crash. (CVE-2014-0098)

Note that Nessus did not actually test for these issues, but instead has relied on the version in the server's banner.

### See Also

https://archive.apache.org/dist/httpd/CHANGES\_2.2.27

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_22.html

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.27 or later. Alternatively, ensure that the affected modules are not in use.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:L)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### **CVSS Temporal Score**

# 3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID	66303
CVE	CVE-2013-6438
CVE	CVE-2014-0098

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2014/04/08, Modified: 2018/09/17

# **Plugin Output**

```
Version source : Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2
Installed version : 2.2.21
Fixed version : 2.2.27
```

96450 - Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.32 Multiple Vulnerabilities (httpoxy)

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of Apache running on the remote host is 2.2.x prior to 2.2.32. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- The Apache HTTP Server is affected by a man-in-the-middle vulnerability known as 'httpoxy' due to a failure to properly resolve namespace conflicts in accordance with RFC 3875 section 4.1.18. The HTTP\_PROXY environment variable is set based on untrusted user data in the 'Proxy' header of HTTP requests. The HTTP\_PROXY environment variable is used by some web client libraries to specify a remote proxy server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a crafted 'Proxy' header in an HTTP request, to redirect an application's internal HTTP traffic to an arbitrary proxy server where it may be observed or manipulated.

### (CVE-2016-5387)

- A flaw exists due to improper handling of whitespace patterns in user-agent headers. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted user-agent header, to cause the program to incorrectly process sequences of requests, resulting in interpreting responses incorrectly, polluting the cache, or disclosing the content from one request to a second downstream user-agent. (CVE-2016-8743)

- A CRLF injection allowing HTTP response splitting attacks for sites which use mod\_userdir (CVE-2016-4975)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

#### See Also

https://httpd.apache.org/dev/dist/Announcement2.2.html

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_22.html

https://github.com/apache/httpd/blob/2.2.x/CHANGES

https://www.apache.org/security/asf-httpoxy-response.txt

https://httpoxy.org

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.32 or later.

Note that the 'httpoxy' vulnerability can be mitigated by applying the workarounds or patches as referenced in the vendor advisory asf-httpoxy-response.txt.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

## 8.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

## **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

7.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

## **CVSS Base Score**

5.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

3.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	91816
BID	95077
BID	105093
CVE	CVE-2016-4975
CVE	CVE-2016-5387
CVE	CVE-2016-8743
XREF	CERT:797896

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/01/12, Modified: 2019/03/27

## **Plugin Output**

## tcp/80

Source : Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2 Installed version : 2.2.21 Fixed version : 2.2.32

## 57792 - Apache HTTP Server httpOnly Cookie Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

The web server running on the remote host is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

## Description

The version of Apache HTTP Server running on the remote host is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability. Sending a request with HTTP headers long enough to exceed the server limit causes the web server to respond with an HTTP 400. By default, the offending HTTP header and value are displayed on the 400 error page. When used in conjunction with other attacks (e.g., cross-site scripting), this could result in the compromise of httpOnly cookies.

See Also
http://fd.the-wildcat.de/apache_e36a9cf46c.php

http://www.nessus.org/u?e005199a

http://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_22.html

http://svn.apache.org/viewvc?view=revision&revision=1235454

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.0.65 / 2.2.22 or later.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### **CVSS Base Score**

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## **CVSS Temporal Score**

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	51706

CVE CVE-2012-0053 XREF EDB-ID:18442

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2012/02/02, Modified: 2018/09/20

## **Plugin Output**

tcp/80

Nessus verified this by sending a request with a long Cookie header : GET / HTTP/1.1 Host: 192.168.100.5 Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.9,\*;q=0.1 Accept-Language: en Connection: Close User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0) Pragma: no-cache Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, \*/\* Which caused the Cookie header to be displayed in the default error page (the response shown below has been truncated) : <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.0//EN"> <html><head> <title>400 Bad Request</title> </head><body> <hl>Bad Request</hl> Your browser sent a request that this server could not understand.<br /> Size of a request header field exceeds server limit.<br /> 

### 106232 - Apache ServerTokens Information Disclosure

## **Synopsis**

The remote web server discloses information via HTTP headers.

## Description

The HTTP headers sent by the remote web server disclose information that can aid an attacker, such as the server version, operating system, and module versions.

## See Also

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/SCG\_WS\_Apache

## Solution

Change the Apache ServerTokens configuration value to 'Prod'

## **Risk Factor**

Medium

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2018/01/22, Modified: 2018/01/23

## Plugin Output

tcp/80

The Apache server listening on port 80 contains sensitive information in the HTTP Server field.

Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2

## 11213 - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed

### Synopsis

Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server.

## Description

The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods that are used to debug web server connections.

## See Also

https://www.cgisecurity.com/whitehat-mirror/WH-WhitePaper\_XST\_ebook.pdf http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24 https://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html

## Solution

Disable these methods. Refer to the plugin output for more information.

## **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

## **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:0	)/RC:C)
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## **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### **CVSS Temporal Score**

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	9506
BID	9561
BID	11604
BID	33374

BID	37995
CVE	CVE-2003-1567
CVE	CVE-2004-2320
CVE	CVE-2010-0386
XREF	CERT:288308
XREF	CERT:867593
XREF	CWE:16
XREF	CWE:200

### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/01/23, Modified: 2019/03/27

### **Plugin Output**

```
To disable these methods, add the following lines for each virtual
host in your configuration file :
   RewriteEngine on
   RewriteCond %{REQUEST_METHOD} ^(TRACE | TRACK)
   RewriteRule .* - [F]
Alternatively, note that Apache versions 1.3.34, 2.0.55, and 2.2
support disabling the TRACE method natively via the 'TraceEnable'
directive.
Nessus sent the following TRACE request :
----- snip -----
TRACE /Nessus1223569750.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 192.168.100.5
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
----- snip -----
and received the following response from the remote server :
----- snip -----
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Mon, 30 Mar 2020 08:34:47 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2
Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
Connection: Keep-Alive
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: message/http
TRACE /Nessus1223569750.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Keep-Alive
Host: 192.168.100.5
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
```

Accept-Language: en Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,\*,utf-8

----- snip -----

## 90023 - OpenSSH < 7.2p2 X11Forwarding xauth Command Injection

## Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by a security bypass vulnerability.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.2p2. It is, therefore, affected by a security bypass vulnerability due to improper sanitization of X11 authentication credentials. An authenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via crafted credentials, to inject arbitrary xauth commands, resulting in gaining read and write access to arbitrary files, connecting to local ports, or performing further attacks on xauth itself. Note that exploiting this vulnerability requires X11Forwarding to have been enabled.

### See Also

http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.2p2

http://www.openssh.com/txt/x11fwd.adv

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.2p2 or later.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:L/I:L/A:N)

### **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

5.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### **CVSS Base Score**

5.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:N)

### **CVSS Temporal Score**

4.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

CVE	CVE-2016-3115
XREF	EDB-ID:39569

# **Plugin Information**

Published: 2016/03/18, Modified: 2019/11/20

# Plugin Output

```
Version source : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_7.2
Installed version : 7.2
Fixed version : 7.2p2
```

### Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

## Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.5. It is, therefore, affected by an information disclosure vulnerability :

- An unspecified timing flaw exists in the CBC padding oracle countermeasures, within the ssh and sshd functions, that allows an unauthenticated, remote attacker to disclose potentially sensitive information.

Note that the OpenSSH client disables CBC ciphers by default. However, sshd offers them as lowest-preference options, which will be removed by default in a future release.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### See Also

http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.5

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.5 or later.

### **Risk Factor**

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

### **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

## **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### **CVSS Temporal Score**

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### **Plugin Information**

## Plugin Output

```
Version source : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_7.2
Installed version : 7.2
Fixed version : 7.5
```

#### 103781 - OpenSSH < 7.6

#### Synopsis

The SSH server running on the remote host is affected by a file creation restriction bypass vulnerability.

#### Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is prior to 7.6. It is, therefore, affected by a file creation restriction bypass vulnerability related to the 'process\_open'

function in the file 'sftp-server.c' that allows authenticated users to create zero-length files regardless of configuration.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?09ca048b http://www.nessus.org/u?96a8ea52

http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-7.6

#### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.6 or later.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

#### **CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score**

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

#### **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

#### **CVSS Temporal Score**

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

 BID
 101552

 CVE
 CVE-2017-15906

## **Plugin Information**

Published: 2017/10/11, Modified: 2019/11/12

## Plugin Output

```
Version source : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_7.2
Installed version : 7.2
Fixed version : 7.6
```

#### 88099 - Web Server HTTP Header Information Disclosure

#### Synopsis

The remote web server discloses information via HTTP headers.

#### Description

The HTTP headers sent by the remote web server disclose information that can aid an attacker, such as the server version and languages used by the web server.

#### Solution

Modify the HTTP headers of the web server to not disclose detailed information about the underlying web server.

#### **Risk Factor**

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

#### **CVSS Base Score**

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2016/01/22, Modified: 2019/04/30

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/80

Server type : Apache Server version : 2.2.21 Source : 2.2.21

## 48204 - Apache HTTP Server Version

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server.

#### Description

The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from the banner.

#### See Also

https://httpd.apache.org/

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

#### **Plugin Output**

```
URL : http://192.168.100.5/
Version : 2.2.21
backported : 0
modules : DAV/2
os : Unix
```

## 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

#### Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

#### Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2010/04/21

#### **Plugin Output**

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE's :

cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3.10

cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4.2

cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4.8

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system :

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.21 -> Apache HTTP Server 2.2.21

cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:7.2
```

## 54615 - Device Type

#### Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

#### Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2011/05/23

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 59

## 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

#### Synopsis

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

#### Description

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

#### See Also

https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### **Plugin Output**

```
The following card manufacturers were identified :
08:00:27:B9:EA:73 : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
```

## 86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

#### Synopsis

This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

#### Description

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2018/08/13

#### **Plugin Output**

```
The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses: 
 – 08{:}00{:}27{:}B9{:}EA{:}73
```

#### 43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

#### Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

#### Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

#### PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a

http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test\_HTTP\_Methods\_(OTG-CONFIG-006)

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2019/03/19

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/80

Based on the response to an OPTIONS request :

- HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST TRACE are allowed on :

## /

## 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

## Synopsis

A web server is running on the remote host.

## Description

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2019/11/22	
Plugin Output	
tcp/80	

The remote web server type is :

Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2

## 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

#### Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

#### Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

#### **Plugin Output**

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
 Date: Mon, 30 Mar 2020 08:34:46 GMT
 Server: Apache/2.2.21 (Unix) DAV/2
 Content-Length: 293
 Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
 Connection: Keep-Alive
 Content-Type: text/html;charset=ISO-8859-1
Response Body :
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 3.2 Final//EN">
<html>
<head>
 <title>Index of /</title>
</head>
<body>
<hl>Index of /</hl>
<a href="cgi-bin/"> cgi-bin/</a>
<a href="favicon.ico"> favicon.ico</a>
<a href="hca.html"> hca.html</a>
```

#### 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

#### Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

#### Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

#### **CVSS Base Score**

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

#### References

CVE	CVE-1999-0524
XREF	CWE:200

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2019/10/04

#### **Plugin Output**

icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is 1 second.

## 117886 - Local Checks Not Enabled (info)

#### **Synopsis**

Local checks were not enabled.

#### Description

Nessus did not enable local checks on the remote host. This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan. Credentials may not have been provided, local checks may not be available for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented local checks from being enabled. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports informational findings related to local checks not being enabled. For failure information, see plugin 21745 :

'Authentication Failure - Local Checks Not Run'.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2018/11/02

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/0

The following issues were reported : - Plugin : no\_local\_checks\_credentials.nasl Plugin ID : 110723 Plugin Name : No Credentials Provided Message : Credentials were not provided for detected SSH service.

## 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2020/03/02

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/22

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

## 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

#### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

#### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2020/03/02

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/80

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

#### Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

#### Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself :

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2019/12/03

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :
Nessus version : 8.9.1
Plugin feed version : 202003280100
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scan type : Normal
Scan policy used : Advanced Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.100.4
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : default
```

Thorough tests : no Experimental tests : no Paranoia level : 2 Report verbosity : 1 Safe checks : yes Optimize the test : yes Credentialed checks : no Patch management checks : None CGI scanning : disabled Web application tests : disabled Max hosts : 30 Max checks : 5 Recv timeout : 5 Backports : None Allow post-scan editing: Yes Scan Start Date : 2020/3/30 4:33 EDT Scan duration : 76 sec

## 110723 - No Credentials Provided

#### Synopsis

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

#### Description

Nessus was unable to execute credentialed checks because no credentials were provided.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2018/06/27, Modified: 2018/10/02

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/0

SSH was detected on port 22 but no credentials were provided. SSH local checks were not enabled.

## 11936 - OS Identification

#### Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

#### Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2020/03/09

#### **Plugin Output**

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 3.10
Linux Kernel 3.13
Linux Kernel 4.2
Linux Kernel 4.8
Confidence level : 59
Method : SinFP
The remote host is running one of these operating systems :
Linux Kernel 3.10
Linux Kernel 3.13
Linux Kernel 4.2
Linux Kernel 4.8
```

## 66334 - Patch Report

#### **Synopsis**

The remote host is missing several patches.

#### Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

#### Solution

Install the patches listed below.

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2020/03/12

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/0

. You need to take the following 2 actions :
[ Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.34 Multiple Vulnerabilities (101787) ]
+ Action to take : Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.34 or later.
+Impact : Taking this action will resolve 28 different vulnerabilities (CVEs).
[ OpenSSH < 7.6 (103781) ]
+ Action to take : Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.6 or later.
+Impact : Taking this action will resolve 8 different vulnerabilities (CVEs).</pre>

## 70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

#### Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

#### Description

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2017/08/28

#### **Plugin Output**

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :
  curve25519-sha256@libssh.org
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group14-shal
 ecdh-sha2-nistp256
  ecdh-sha2-nistp384
  ecdh-sha2-nistp521
The server supports the following options for server_host_key_algorithms :
  ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
  rsa-sha2-256
  rsa-sha2-512
 ssh-ed25519
 ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
  aes128-ctr
 aes128-gcm@openssh.com
 aes192-ctr
  aes256-ctr
  aes256-gcm@openssh.com
  chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
```

aes128-ctr aes128-gcm@openssh.com aes192-ctr aes256-ctr aes256-gcm@openssh.com chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com The server supports the following options for mac\_algorithms\_client\_to\_server : hmac-shal hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com hmac-sha2-256 hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com hmac-sha2-512 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com umac-128-etm@openssh.com umac-128@openssh.com umac-64-etm@openssh.com umac-64@openssh.com The server supports the following options for mac\_algorithms\_server\_to\_client : hmac-shal hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com hmac-sha2-256 hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com hmac-sha2-512 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com umac-128-etm@openssh.com umac-128@openssh.com umac-64-etm@openssh.com umac-64@openssh.com The server supports the following options for compression\_algorithms\_client\_to\_server : none zlib@openssh.com The server supports the following options for compression\_algorithms\_server\_to\_client : none zlib@openssh.com

## 10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

#### **Synopsis**

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

#### Description

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

Solution
n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2020/02/18

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/22

The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol :

- 1.99 - 2.0

## 10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

#### Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

#### Description

It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request.

Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2019/11/22

#### **Plugin Output**

tcp/22

SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH\_7.2
SSH supported authentication : publickey,password,keyboard-interactive

## 22964 - Service Detection

#### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

#### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2020/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/22

An SSH server is running on this port.

## 22964 - Service Detection

#### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

#### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2020/01/27

#### **Plugin Output**

#### tcp/80

A web server is running on this port.

## 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote service implements TCP timestamps.

#### Description

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

#### See Also

http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2019/03/06

#### **Plugin Output**

## 10287 - Traceroute Information

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

#### Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2019/03/06

#### **Plugin Output**

#### udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.100.4 to 192.168.100.5 : 192.168.100.4 192.168.100.5
```

Hop Count: 1

## 11424 - WebDAV Detection

#### **Synopsis**

The remote server is running with WebDAV enabled.

#### Description

WebDAV is an industry standard extension to the HTTP specification.

It adds a capability for authorized users to remotely add and manage the content of a web server.

If you do not use this extension, you should disable it.

#### Solution

http://support.microsoft.com/default.aspx?kbid=241520

#### **Risk Factor**

None

#### **Plugin Information**

Published: 2003/03/20, Modified: 2011/03/14

#### **Plugin Output**

# Remediations

## **Suggested Remediations**

Taking the following actions across 1 hosts would resolve 78% of the vulnerabilities on the network.

ACTION TO TAKE	VULNS	HOSTS
Apache 2.2.x < 2.2.34 Multiple Vulnerabilities: Upgrade to Apache version 2.2.34 or later.	28	1
OpenSSH < 7.6: Upgrade to OpenSSH version 7.6 or later.	8	1