What faculty can do to promote Open Access



A very brief introduction to Open Access

Peter Suber http://www.earlham.edu/~peters/hometoc.htm

Open-access (OA) literature is digital, online, free of charge, and free of most copyright and licensing restrictions. What makes it possible is the internet and

the consent of the author or copyright-holder.

OA literature is not free to produce, even if it is less expensive to produce than conventionally published literature. The question is not whether scholarly literature can be made costless, but whether there are better ways to pay the bills than by charging readers and creating access barriers. Business models for paying the bills depend on how OA is delivered.



The Open Educational Resources (OER)

David Wiley http://hdl.handle.net/10609/7201

For moret han a decade, the word open has been used as an adjective to modify a variety of names than describe teaching materials. For example, open content, open educational resources, open courses and open textbooks are part of the current discourse in higher education. In this context, the adjective indicates that open textbooks and other teaching and learning resources are offered freely under a copyright license that grants the user permission to participates in the activities of "4R":

Reuse: the right to use the content in its unaltered form (eg, making a backup of the content).

Review: the right to adapt, adjust, modifiy of alter the content itself (ie, translate the content into another language).

Recreation: the right to combine the original or revised content with other other content to create a new one (eg, incorporate the content into a mashup).

Redistribution: the right to share copies of original content, reviews, or other combinations (eg, deliver a copy of the content to a friend).

SCENARIO: TEACHING MATERIALS NEEDED

When designing a class, the teacher designs activities and selects resources that students should refer to overcome these activities and thus acquire the skills highlighted in the syllabus.

These resources can be a different case mix: a manual can be created from scratch, or a manual of one of the existing open content of the existing open repositories, translated and adapted if necessary, or readings of journal articles, whether open access of accessible from the library.

FIND OER AND USE THEM IN THE CLASSROOM

Wikieducator is a project of the Commonwealth of Learning. It consists of a wiki where anyone can create their own teaching materials. The materials are available for free to the educational community.

http://www.wikieducator.org/

You can find other courses at the UOC using the search (*Intrauoc -> Learning Resources -> Search*).

You can find open educational resources at the **UOC OpenCourseWare**. http://ocw.uoc.edu/

You can find open educational resources from universities of Spain at ${\bf UNIVERSIA}$

http://ocw.universia.net/ca/

You can find open educational resources worldwide using **GLOBE** http://www.globe-info.org/

You can create new content using **Creative Commons** licences http://search.creativecommons.org/?lang=ca

Use open images and pictures, like **The Commons** at flickr http://www.flickr.com/commons

Find articles in open access journals at **Directory of Open Access Journals** http://www.doaj.org/

Més informació sobre OER al projecte #metaOER de la Càtedra UNESCO a Delicious http://www.delicious.com/uocunescochair/%23metaoer i la col·lecció de

CASES IN OPEN UNIVERSITY OF CATALONIA

- Some students must upload their works to the institutional repository, as a way to delivery to the faculty (eg. <u>multimèdia</u> students).
- A teacher of the classical world history devoted to completing the wikipedia articles related to his subject. Then he used these articles as complementary resources for the course (eg, the Solon article http://ca.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sol%C3%B3).
- A teacher of information sciences has created a teaching material in Wikieducator, putting int within reach of the entire educational community (http://wikieducator.org/TDR).

DEPOSITING IN 02

Guide to depositing learning resources in O2 http://biblioteca.uoc.edu/docs_elec/repositori/Teachi ngMaterialsO2Guide eng.pdf

