# Research Techniques in Network and Information Technologies

Jordi Castellà-Roca M. Antonia Huertas Sánchez Antoni Martínez Ballesté

PID\_00185347

**UOC teaching material** 





#### Jordi Castellà-Roca

Tenured assistant professor at Rovira i Virgili University and member of the UNESCO Chair in Data Privacy. He got his title of Engineer in Computer Systems from University of Lleida in 1998, the title of Engineer in Computer Science from Rovira i Virgili University in 2000 and Ph.D. in Computer Science from the Autonomous University of Barcelona in 2005. His research focuses on the fields of cryptography and privacy. He has published over 40 works, is co-author of six patents, and has participated in 24 research projects (main researcher in six of them).



#### M. Antonia Huertas Sánchez

Associate professor of Mathematics and Science Representation. Computer Science Department, Open University of Catalonia (UOC). Dr Maria Antonia Huertas holds a doctorate in Mathematics (University of Barcelona), a postgraduate degree in Information Systems and Communication (UOC) and postdoctoral studies in Logic and Artificial Intelligence (Institute for Logic, Language and Computation, University of Amsterdam). Her research interests include logic, knowledge representation, Web-based teaching and learning, and mathematical education. She has published articles/chapters in international journals, books and proceedings regarding these fields.



#### Antoni Martínez Ballesté

He received his Computer Engineering degree from Universitat Rovira i Virgili (2002) and his Ph.D. degree in Telematics from Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya (2004). He is an expert in education in Information and Communication Technologies. His research interests are security and privacy of technology users. He has authored more than forty scientific papers. He is currently a tenured assistant professor at Universitat Rovira i Virgili, Moreover, he teaches at Universitat Oberta de Catalunva, where he has authored some of their materials.

The assignment and creation of this teaching material have been coordinated by the lecturer: David Megías Jiménez (2012)

First edition: February 2012 © Jordi Castellà-Roca, M. Antonia Huertas Sánchez, Antoni Martínez Ballesté All rights are reserved © of this edition, FUOC, 2012 Av. Tibidabo, 39-43, 08035 Barcelona Design: Manel Andreu Publishing: Eureca Media, SL Legal Deposit: B-1.006-2012



The texts and images contained in this publication are subject -except where indicated to the contrary- to an Attribution-ShareAlike license (BY-SA) v.3.0 Spain by Creative Commons. This work can be modified, reproduced, distributed and publicly disseminated as long as the author and the source are quoted (FUOC. Fundació per a la Universitat Oberta de Catalunya), and as long as the derived work is subject to the same license as the original material. The full terms of the license can be viewed at http:// creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/es/legalcode.ca

## Introduction

"He who has imagination without learning has wings but no feet."

Joseph Joubert, French moralist and essayist.

From a general point of view, research can be defined as the search of knowledge. It is about finding out what humankind does not know yet. Its motivation is clear: nobody knows everything and, sometimes, what is already known is incorrect.

Learning is a fundamental part of research. It provides the background needed to increase knowledge. Each new acquired concept is placed in an upper layer of the already gathered knowledge. Nevertheless, learning is not the end of this process. It is only the beginning. Research is a huge and everlasting job that cannot be conducted by a single person. Thousands of researchers around the world are the engine that generates knowledge and their fuel is the previous knowledge that was generated by others in the past. In addition to that, society can only grow when it is fed with innovation and progress. Accordingly, knowledge must be shared and, hence, disseminating research results is another fundamental part of the whole process. As a result, it can be inferred that the research process follows three essential steps:

1) gathering knowledge,

2) generating knowledge and

3) disseminating knowledge.

As explained above, researchers are the people who conduct this process. They are expected to be methodical, enthusiastic, open minded, curious, hardworking and very imaginative. All these personal skills give them the capabilities to ask themselves the proper questions and find out the proper answers and, hence, produce relevant research results. However, these abilities alone are not enough to fully address the three steps of the research process; researchers who want to be really effective in their work have to be proficient in several other capabilities.

3

For example, they have to know how to identify the best sources of knowledge. They need to know which tools can help them to generate research results of outstanding quality. They must know how to convey their research results to the general society and, last but not least, they also have to learn how to get funding to advance their research process.

The target of this subject is to introduce all these different capabilities that are also part of the research process to novel researchers. The main idea is to give them the tools and knowledge that they will need in each stage of their research career. This includes relevant points like:

- dealing with intellectual property,
- getting funding for their research,
- conducting quality research and writing, and
- presenting research papers.

Even though the research techniques introduced by this book are not linked to any specific field, they mainly focus on the field of information and networking technologies.

The first module of this material is devoted to **intellectual property (IP)**. This is the property right that derives from the work of an individual's mind or intellect. In the first section, copyright protection is described. The second section introduces trademarks and trade dress. Finally, the last section covers the protection provided by patents.

The second module is devoted to **public funding of research projects (PFRP)**. First, it introduces the resources that can be obtained through a research project and its costs. Then, the standard structure of an application for a research project is presented. Finally, this module introduces some of the funding programmes of the following public institutions:

- Government of Catalonia (Agency for Administration of University and Research Grants),
- Government of Spain (National R+D+I Plan) and
- the European Commission (7th Framework Programme).

The third module covers the **different computer tools** that are available to assist researchers in their activities. These tools help researchers to manage research bibliography, perform quantitative and qualitative data analysis and write and present their research.

The forth module is devoted to scientific writing in engineering disciplines (for example, computer engineering, electronics). The first section describes the types of scientific papers. The following section details the writing of each part of a scientific paper. This module concludes with a section containing some hints on language and style. The fifth module addresses **how to publish scientific papers**. In the first part of this module, the description of journals and conferences is covered. The second part focuses on the steps for publishing in a journal or presenting a paper in a conference. Finally, some notes regarding how to measure the relevance of a publication are provided.

The sixth and last module explains **how to present research results** in a conference, workshop or in everyday occasions. The first part of the module discusses the presentation itself: it addresses the content of the slides as well as their format. In the second part, the presenter's attitude is analysed.

# Objectives

The following competences are developed in this course:

- 1. Capacity to use the proper tools to protect intellectual property rights.
- **2.** Communication skills to both a specialised and non-specialised audience in a clear and unambiguous way.
- **3.** Capacity to use English as a communication language in the technological field.
- **4.** Capacity to plan, manage, direct and coordinate research projects in the information and communication technology (ICT) field.
- **5.** Capacity to exercise professional activities in accordance with the ethical code and the current legal aspects in the ICT environment and the network society.
- **6.** Capacity to design and carry out research according to rules of scientific knowledge in the field of ICT.

The objectives to be achieved through this course are the following:

- **1.** To understand the importance of using the proper tools to protect intellectual property rights.
- **2.** To understand the structure of a patent and the protection that it offers.
- **3.** To become acquainted with the application structure of a research project and the public funding sources.
- **4.** To become acquainted with the different computer tools which are available to assist in research activities.
- 5. To understand the structure of a scientific paper.
- **6.** To understand the importance, meaning and writing of each paper section.
- **7.** To understand the steps for publishing in a journal or presenting research results in a conference.

6

- **8.** To know which information should appear in a presentation.
- **9.** To know some basic techniques for a successful oral presentation.

# Contents

# Module 1

## Intellectual property: patents, copyright, and trademarks

Jordi Castellà-Roca

- 1. Copyright
- 2. Trademarks
- 3. Patents

#### Module 2

# Public funding of research projects

Jordi Castellà-Roca

- 1. Resources
- 2. Costs
- 3. Project proposal
- 4. Sources

#### Module 3

#### Tools to support research

M. Antonia Huertas Sánchez

- 1. Management
- 2. Data Analysis
- 3. Presentation and writing tools

#### Module 4

# Writing scientific papers

Antoni Martínez Ballesté

- 1. Scientific texts
- 2. Writing a scientific paper
- 3. Style of writing

#### Module 5

## **Publishing research**

Antoni Martínez Ballesté

- 1. Journals and conferences
- 2. The process of publishing
- 3. The relevance of a publication

#### Module 6

# **Presenting your research**

Antoni Martínez Ballesté

- 1. Information and format
- 2. Successful oral presentations

8